# Ch. 3: XML (eXtensible Markup Language)

```
used to describe content rather than presentation
Differs from HTML in at 3 different ways.
```

#### 3.1 Basic Syntax

### 3.1.1 XML Elements

element: piece of text bounded by user-defined matching tags:

<person>
 <name>Alan</name>
 <age>42</age>
 <email>agb@abc.com</email>
</person>

Note: - Element includes the start and end tag

- Quotation marks around strings have disappeared in XML! PCDATA (Parsed Character Data). Because XML treats all data as text. This is referred to മട
- Empty elements: <married></married> can be abbreviated to <married/>

```
Ex. The collection of all persons on the 4th floor:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Collections are expressed using repeated structures
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            <description>People on the 4th floor</description>
                             </people>
                                                            </person>
                                                                                                                        <person>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              <people>
                                                                                            <name>Ryan<age>58</age><email>rgz@abc.com</email>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  <person>
                                                                                                                                                         </person>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    </person>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            <person>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                <name>Alan<age>42</age<<email>agb@abc.com</email>
                                                                                                                                                                                      <name>Patsy</name><age>36</age><email>ptn@abc.com</email>
```

### 3.1.2 XML Attributes

- Attributes define some properties of elements;
- Expressed as a name-value pair

```
oduct>
</product>
                                 </address>
                                                                                                                                                                                              <address format="XLB56" language="French">
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            <price currency="Euro">420.12</price>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              <name language="French">trompette six trous</name>
                                                                                                                                                               <street>31 rue Croix-Bosset</street>
                                                                <country>France</country>
                                                                                               <city>Sevres</city>
                                                                                                                             <zip>92310</zip>
```

- As with tags, user may defiine any number of attributes;
- Attribute values must be enclosed within quotation marks

Differences between attributes and tags:

Its value is always a string; A given attribute can occur only once within a tag

or sub-elements. repeat any number of times and their values may be string data On the other hand tags defining elements/sub-elements can

to use attributes or elements: In data exchange applications there is ambiguity on whether

```
<person name="Alan" age="42">
     <email>agb@abc.com</email>
</person>
```

or other combinations of attributes/elements such as

## 3.1.3 Well-formed XML documents

- tags must nest properlyattributes must be unique within an element

Well formed XML documents will parse into a labeled tree always.

# 3.2 XML and semi-structured data

The basic XML syntax is perfectly suited to describe semi-structured data.

corresponding ssd-expression:

{person: {name: "Alan", age: 42, email: "agb@abc.com"}}

Tree structured structures:

one-to-one correspondence.

XML is straightforward: The following transformation from ssd-expressions to

T(atomicvalue) = atomicvalue $T({11:v1, ..., ln:vn}) = <11>T(v1)</11>...<ln>T(vn)</ln>$ 

Beyond this simple analogy, however, XML and semi-structured data are not easy to reconcile.

### 3.2.1 XML Graph Model

expressed as trees with the following distinction: For tree data, XML element and ssd-expressions can be

XML element: labeled nodes
ssd-expressions: labeled edges

Easy to transform XML tree into ssd tree.

Simply "lift" the node edgesup one level; create a new root node. Figure 3.3

#### 3.2.2 XML references

```
example:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              previously defined reference.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      Use idref attribute (in an empty element) to refer to a
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Use id attribute to defined a reference (similar to oids);
</city>
                                                                                                                                    <city id="c2">
                                                                                                          <ccode>CCN</ccode>
                                                     <state-of idref="s2"/>
                                                                              <cname>Carson City</cname>
                                                                                                                                                                                          </state>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        <state id="s2">
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 <sname>Nevada</sname>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             <scode>NE</scode>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        -- defines an id or a reference
                                                     -- refers to object called s2;
                          -- this is an empty element
```

```
<geography>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Detailed example:
</states>
                              :
                                                                                                                  <state id="s2">
                                                  </state>
                                                                                                                                      </state>
                                                                                                                                                      <cities-in idref="c1"/><cities-in idref="c3"/> ...
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            <state id="s1">
                                                                                                                                                                     <capital idref="c1"/>
                                                                  <cities-in idref="c2"/>...
                                                                                  <sname>Nevada</sname>
                                                                                                    <scode>NE</scode>
                                                                                                                                                                                      <sname>Idaho</sname>
                                                                                                                                                                                                        <scode>ID</scode>
```

```
</geography>
                                                                                                              <city id="c3">
                                                                                                                                                                          </cities>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             <cities>
                                                         </city>
                                                                                                                               </city>
                                                                                                                                                                                                      </city>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             <city id="c1">
                                                                       <state-of idref="s1"/>
                                                                                                    <ccode>MOC</ccode>
                                                                                                                                             <state-of idref="s2"/>
                                                                                                                                                          <cname>Carson City</cname>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  <state-of idref="s1"/>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  <cname>Boise</cname>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 <ccode>BOI</ccode>
                                                                                      <cname>Moscow</cname>
```

#### 3.2.3 Order

<person lastname="Smith" firstname="John"/>

## 3.2.4 Mixing Elements and Text

XML allows us to mix PCDATA and sub-elements within an element.

# <person> This is my best friend <name>Alan</name> <age>42</age> I am not sure of the following email <email>agb@abc.com</email> </person>

but from a document perspective, this is quite natural! This seems un-natural from a database perspective,

we need to introduce new standard tags for the PCDATA To translate such XML data into ssd-expressions

3.2.5 Other XML Constructs

for data exchange purposes These additional constructs in XML have little or no use

Comments:

<!-- this is a comment -->

Processing Instruction (PI):

<?xml - stylesheet href="book.css" type="text/css" ?>

<?xml version="1.0" ?>

that process XML files. such instructions are passed on to applications

CDATA (Character Data):

otherwise would be considered markup: used to write escape blocks containing text that

<! [CDATA[ <start>this is not an element</start> ]]>

Entities: &lt stands for <

Users can define new entities in XML

```
Document Type Definition (DTD):
is the structure of an entire XML document,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     name of root tag followed by several markup declarations
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        and their associated structure.
                                                                                                                                                                     <?xml ...?>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              that define the tags that are permitted in the document
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            <!DOCTYPE name [markup-declarations]>
                                                                                                                       <!DOCTYPE name [markup-declarations]>
                                                                               <name> ... </name>
```

3.3 Document Type Definitions (DTDs)

XML document and is part of the XML language. The DTD serves as a grammar for the underlying

The DTD may serve as the schema for the underlying data.

```
</db>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  A DTD for the above XML document:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           3.3.1 A simple DTD:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             <!DOCTYPE db [
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         <db> <person>
- name, age, email are string type
                        - person has three sub-elements name, age, email
                                                   - db consists of 0 or more persons
                                                                                                                                <!ELEMENT email(#PCDATA)>
                                                                                                                                                       <!ELEMENT age (#PCDATA)>
                                                                                                                                                                                    <!ELEMENT name (#PCDATA)>
                                                                                                                                                                                                        <!ELEMENT person (name,age,email)>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   <!ELEMENT db (person*)>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    </person>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     <age>42</age>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           <email>agb@abc.com</email>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               <name>Alan</name>
```

are some of the other regular expressions allowed. e+ e|e' e.e' e? (0 or one)

3.3.2 DTDs as grammars

A DTD is precisely a context-free grammar for the document. In the above example,

db --> person | person db
person --> name age email

```
<!DOCTYPE node [
<!ELEMENT node (leaf | (node,node))>
<!ELEMENT leaf (#PCDATA)>
]>
                                                                                                                                                                                             A sample XML document consistent with the DTD is
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 This describes binary trees!
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Grammars can be recursive as in
</node>
                                                                                                                                                         <node>
                  </node>
                                                                                                                                      <node>
                                                          <node>
                                                                           </node>
                                                                                                <node> <leaf> 2 </leaf> </node>
                                                                                                                  <node> <leaf> 1 </leaf> </node>
                                      <leaf> 3 </leaf>
```

### 3.3.3 DTDs as schemas

To a certain extent, DTDs can be used as schemas. For example,

- The db DTD requires the person element to have 3 fields: name, age, and email.
- The data types are limited, though.

Consider the relational database example:

```
<db>
<r1><a>a1</a><b>b1</b><c>c1</c></r1>
<r1><a>a2</a><b>b2</b><c>c2</c></r1>
<r2><c>c2</c><d>d2</d></r2>
<r2><c>c3</c><d>d3</d></r2>
<r2><c>c3</c><d>d4</d></r2>
</db>
```

```
order
                         3 sub-elements: a, b, and c in that
                                                 This DTD correctly constrains r1 elements to have
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                <!DOCTYPE db [
    <!ELEMENT db (r1*, r2*)>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    A DTD for this XML data is
                                                                                                                                    <!ELEMENT d (#PCDATA)>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  <!ELEMENT r2(c,d)>
<!ELEMENT a (#PCDATA)>
                                                                                                                                                            <!ELEMENT c (#PCDATA)>
                                                                                                                                                                                       <!ELEMENT b (#PCDATA)>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     <!ELEMENT r1(a,b,c)>
```

the DTD to allow different orders: The order of sub-elements are fixed. We could redefine

< !ELEMENT r2 ((c,d) | (d,c))>

but the following change allows rt1 and r2 elements to be interspersed: The DTD constrains r2 elements to follow r1 elements,

<!ELEMENT db ((r1 | r2)\*)>

More flexibility in DTDs! For example,

<!ELEMENT r1 (a, b?, c+)>

followed by 0 or one b, followed by one or more c's. requires r1 element to have exactly one a

DTDs can be stored in files and the file can be included in the XML document as follows:

<!DOCTYPE db SYSTEM "schema.dtd">

or even

<!DOCTYPE db SYSTEM="http://tinman.cs.gsu.edu/~raj/schema.dtd">

where the schema file is available publicly on the Web.

```
Both attributes are string type.
                                                                            Element name has two attributes:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         The DTD for this document includes attribute definitions as follows:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       3.3.4 Declaring Attributes in DTDs
                                     language which is required and department which is optional;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Consider the XML document:
                                                                                                                                                   <!ATTLIST price currency CDATA #IMPLIED>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    </product>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             <!ATTLIST name language CDATA #REQUIRED
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     oduct>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       <price currency="Euro">420.12</price>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              <name language="French" department="music">
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             trompette six trous</name>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             department CDATA #IMPLIED>
```

```
Example: Family Tree specification
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           IDREFS is used to refer to a list of object ids separated by spaces
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ID is used to define object identifier
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ID, IDREF, IDREFS attributes:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       IDREF is used to refer to an object id
                                                                                                                                                                                  <!DOCTYPE family [
                                                                                                                           <!ELEMENT person (name)>
                                                                                                                                                      <!ELEMENT family (person*)>
                                                                                                   <!ELEMENT name (#PCDATA)>
                                                                            <!ATTLIST person id
                                                  mother
children IDREFS #IMPLIED>
                         father
                          IDREF
                                                   IDREF
                                                                              ID #REQUIRED
                                                  #IMPLIED
                         #IMPLIED
```

```
An XML element that conforms to the above DTD is
```

```
</family>
                                                                                              </person>
                                                                                                                                             <person id="mary" children="jane jack">
                                                                                                                                                                     </person>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     <person id="john" children="jane jack">
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             </person>
                          </person>
                                                                         <person id="jack" mother="mary" father="john">
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              <person id="jane" mother="mary" father="john">
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      <family>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     <name>Jane Doe</name>
                                                   <name>Jack Smith
                                                                                                                       <name>Mary Smith
                                                                                                                                                                                             <name>John Doe</name>
                                                                                                                                                  -- mother
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         father
```

```
-- EMPTY indicates that this element will always be empty
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        <!DOCTYPE geography [
                                                                                                                                      <!ELEMENT state-of EMPTY>
                                                                                                                                                                       <!ELEMENT cname (#PCDATA)>
                                                                                                                                                                                                           <!ELEMENT ccode (#PCDATA)>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          <!ELEMENT city (ccode,cname,state-of)>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              <!ELEMENT cities-in EMPTY>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               <!ELEMENT capital EMPTY>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   <!ELEMENT sname (#PCDATA)>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   <!ELEMENT scode (#PCDATA)>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      <!ELEMENT state (scode, sname, capital, cities-in*)>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   <!ELEMENT geography (state|city)*>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         <!ATTLIST city id ID>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            <!ATTLIST cities-in idref IDREF #REQUIRED>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                <!ATTLIST capital idref IDREF #REQUIRED>
                                                                                                      <!ATTLIST state-of idref IDREF #REQUIRED>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      <!ATTLIST state id ID #REQUIRED>
```

DTD for geography example:

refer to multiple entities. The attribute type IDREFS allows an attrinute to

advantage of IDREFS: The above DTD can be modified as follows to take

<!ELEMENT state (scode, sname, capital, cities-in)>

- instead of cities-in\*

<!ELEMENT cities-in EMPTY> <!ATTLIST cities-in idrefs IDREFS #REQUIRED>

instead of IDREF

This way cities-in element can be written as:

<cities-in idrefs="c1 c2"/>

to make capital and cities-in attributes instead of sub-elements as in: Another way to make the representation more compact ը.

```
So, a state element can be described as:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 <!ATTLIST state id ID #REQUIRED
                                                                    <state id="s1" capital="c1" cities-in="c1 c3">
                                  <scode>ID</scode>
<sname>Idaho</sname>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         capital IDREF #REQUIRED
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      cities-in IDREFS #REQUIRED>
```

</state>

```
external data using a URL.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               <?xml version "1.0"?>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          An example illustrating entities that refer to
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            <!DOCTYPE report [
                                <!ENTITY %abstract SYSTEM "/u/abiteboul/LEBOOK/abstract">
                                                                     <!ELEMENT content (#PCDATA)>
                                                                                                      <!ELEMENT abstract (#PCDATA)>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         <!ELEMENT meta EMPTY>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     <!ELEMENT report (meta, title, abstract, content)>
<!ENTITY %content SYSTEM "/u/suciu/LEBOOK/lebook">
                                                                                                                                          <!ELEMENT title (#PCDATA)>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       <!ATTLIST meta
                                                                                                                                                                               date CDATA #REQUIRED>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              keywords CDATA #REQUIRED
                                                                                                                                                                                                               author CDATA #REQUIRED
```

```
</report>
                                                                                                                                                                        <report>
                         %content
                                                 %abstract
                                                                      <title>Data on the Web</title>
                                                                                                                                               <meta keywords="xml,www,web,semistructured"</pre>
                                                                                                 date="25.12.98"/>
                                                                                                                      author="abiteboul,Buneman,Suciu"
```

## 3.3.5 Valid XML Documents

Well-formed XML document: matching nested tags, no duplicate attributes

Valid XML document: One which has a DTD AND the document is consistent with the DTD.

i.e. elements must be nested only in the way the DTD specifies and the tags used must be those defined in the DTD. IDs must be unique and IDREFS must refer to existing IDs.

There is no restriction on the types of objects the IDREFS point to!

# 3.3.6 Limitations of DTDs as Schemas

- DTDs impose order
- No atomic types except PCDATA
- Constraints such as age between 0 and 120 not possible
- Global names (cannot use same identifier for two different element types)
- ex. name of person and name of course may have two different identifiers : personname and coursename different structures; in XML we are forced to use
- DTDs do not constrain the type of IDREFs. We would like to constrain the idref in state-of to point to a state element; This is not possible in DTDs.

Skip 3.4, 3.5, 3.6